

# RHIZEN PHARMACEUTICALS LTD

# BASEL

- REPORT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITORS AS OF MARCH 31, 2023

YVERDON-LES-BAINS, MAY 1, 2023



# Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of Rhizen Pharmaceuticals Ltd, Basel

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rhizen Pharmaceuticals Ltd, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, notes, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements comply with Swiss law and the Company's articles of incorporation.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Standards on Auditing (SA-CH). Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



## Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the Company's articles of incorporation, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and SA-CH will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on EXPERTsuisse's website at: <a href="https://www.expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report">https://www.expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report</a>. This description forms an integral part of our report.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Art. 728a para. 1 item 3 CO and PS-CH 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of the financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

# GF Audit SA, succursale d'Yverdon-les-Bains

# Vincent Lebet 1 mai 2023 1 mai 2023 Gualified Electronic Signature by SwiseID Licenced audit Expert N°103'661 (Auditor in charge) JEREMIE PASCHE 1 mai 2023 Qualified Electronic Signature by SwiseID Licenced auditor N°112'679

Yverdon-les-Bains, May 1, 2023

#### Enclosures:

- Financial statements (statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, notes, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows)
- Financial statements Swiss Branch

Statement of financial position

for the year ended 31 March 2023

To the year ended by making about	Note	31.03.2023 USD	31.03.2022 USD
ASSETS	36 CONT. POST. S.	Contract	11202-0925
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6 7	2'798'133	3'401'920
Cash at bank	7	5'463'609	4'214'725
		8'261'743	7'616'645
Non Current assets			
Investment	8	99'000	109'372
Total assets		8'360'743	7'726'016
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	9	122'760	122'760
Retained Earnings		-9'242'998	-3'188'232
Total equity		-9'120'238	-3'065'472
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	17'480'981	10'791'488
		17'480'981	10'791'488
Total equity and liabilities		8'360'743	7'726'016

Rhizen Pharmaceuticals AG, Swiss Branch Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as at 31 March 2023

as at sa maintenance			
	Note	31.03.2023 USD	31.03.2022 USD
Revenue	4	12	2'648'558
General & Administrative expenses	4.1	6'054'767	10'392'324
Profit / (loss) before tax		-6'054'767	-7'743'766
Income tax expense	5	-	
Profit / (loss) for the year		-6'054'767	-7'743'766

4. Revenue	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Miscellaneous Income	(*)	2'648'558
Total		2'648'558
4.1 General & Administrative expenses	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Research And Development Expense	3'310'556	6'766'723
Professional Fees	1'630'285	1'843'831
Salary in Foreign Currency	649'460	785'708
Patent Filing, Registration & Attorney	94'500	346'844
Lab Consumables Consumed - MM	71'624	1023
Insurance - General	78'397	246'184
Office Exp	55'373	93'415
Subscription	29'163	83'409
Accounting Services	28'468	57'952
Postage	25'034	21'782
Computer Expenses	25'000	÷
Rates And Taxes	16'215	51'881
Misc. Expenses General	12'856	21'111
Bank Charges	9'431	15'607
Freight And Forwarding - Direct	7'942	3 H S
Rent Others	7'500	2'400
Auditors Remunaration	2'225	28'549
Exchange Gain - Vendors	297	-15'585
Exchange Loss - Vendors	67	3'234
Travelling Expense	85	18'677
Legal Fees	(i=)	19'154
Software Expense	( <del>-</del>	11
Telephone - Internet	19 <del>1</del> 5	279
Telephone - Mobile	57 <b>4</b> 13	1'158
Milestone Payments	372	19 <del>4</del> 2
Total	6'054'767	10'392'324

5. Tax Charge	31.03.2023 USD	31.03.2022 USD
Income Tax Expense		
6. Trade and other receivables		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
74 74	USD	USD
Amounts owed by ultimate parent company		010041007
Amounts owed by Branch, Subsidiary and Associates	2'780'849	3'384'007
Prepayments	17'167	9'450
Indirect taxation	117	8'463
	2'798'133	3'401'920
Note: The amounts due by the ultimate parent company and by the sha unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.	reholder are	
7. Cash at bank	1000 TU-011 COLORD	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Deposit	5'000'000	-
Cash at bank	463'609 5'463'609	4'214'725 4'214'725
8. Investments		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Investment in TG Theraputics, New York (0.433%)	2	372
Investment in Rhizen Pharmaceutical Inc., Bridgewater (100%)	, in the second	10'000
Investment in Dahlia Therapeutics SA, La Chaux-de-Fonds (100%)	99'000	99'000
	99'000	109'372
9. Share capital		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Authorised share capital		
124,000 Ordinary shares of CHF 1 each	122'760	122'760
Issued and fully paid-up share capital		0_200208
124,000 Ordinary shares of CHF 1 each	122'760	122'760

Schedule to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Other payables	17'480'981	10'791'488
Otherwanishler	47'767	-7'500
Provision for Income Tax	309'363	688'500
Amount due to Parent company/Branch	5'693'583	5'695'012
Accruals	16'000	11'026
Advance from Customers	11'414'268	4'404'450
	USD	USD
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
10. Trade and other payables		

# 11. Ultimate controlling party

The company's ultimate parent company is Alembic Pharmaceuticals Limited, of Alembic Road, Gorwa, Vadodara-390007, Gujarat, India.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Total
	USD	USD	USD
At 1 April 2021	122'760	4'555'534	4'678'294
Result for the year	12 12	-7'743'766	-7'743'766
Other comprehensive income	5	35	
Total Comprehensive expense	5-	5	i e
As at 31 March 2022	122'760	-3'188'232	3'065'472
At 1 April 2022	122'760	-3'188'232	-3'065'472
Result for the year		-6'054'767	-6'054'767
Other comprehensive income	in the second se	S 98	7.55
Total Comprehensive income		Э.	
As at 31 March 2023	122'760	-9'242'999	-9'120'239

Statement of cash flows

for the year ended 31 March 2023

for the year ended 32 March 2020		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	Note	USD	USD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit / loss before tax	4	-6'054'767	-7'743'766
Working capital changes:			
Change in trade and other receivables		603'786	1'745'422
Change in trade and other payables		6'689'493	-2'597'454
Net cash generated from operating activities		1'238'512	-8'595'797
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		1'238'512	-8'595'797
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4'214'725	12'810'522
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year	7	5'453'237	4'214'725

Consolidated Statement of financial position

for the year ended 31 March 2023

Total Canada Sa Francia Socia		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	Note	USD	USD
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	6'717'111	8'861'295
Cash at bank	7	12'727'373	9'857'509
		19'444'484	18'718'804
Non Current assets			
Investment	8	99'000	109'372
Total assets		19'543'484	18'828'176
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	9	122'760	122'760
Retained Earnings		2'283'712	10'007'343
Total equity	5	2'406'473	10'130'103
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	17'137'012	8'698'073
	8	17'137'012	8'698'073
Total equity and liabilities		19'543'484	18'828'176

Consolidated Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as at 31 March 2023

	Note	31.03.2023 USD	31.03.2022 USD
Revenue	4	36	27'647'623
General & Administrative expenses	4.1	7'723'631	26'263'862
Profit / (loss) before tax		-7'723'631	1'383'761
Income tax expense	5		120
Profit / (loss) for the year		-7'723'631	1'383'761

4. Revenue	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Sales Export	*	16'999'065
Income from Operations	4	8'000'000
Miscellaneous Income	7	2'648'558
Milestone Income	-2'229'180	
Provision for Milestone Income	2'229'180	
Total	-	27'647'623
4.1 General & Administrative expenses	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Research And Development Expense	4'963'556	8'884'771
Cost of Sales - FERT	×	5'449'125
Royalty		4'000'000
Cost of Goods Sold - Adjst		4'000'000
Professional Fees	1'632'335	1'843'931
Salary in Foreign Currency	649'460	785'708
Patent Filing, Registration & Attorney	94'500	346'844
Insurance - General	78'398	246'184
Cost of Sales - HALB	<b>=</b>	243'600
Office Exp	67'732	93'415
Subscription	29'163	83'409
Postage	25'034	64'103
Accounting Services	28'468	57'952
Rates And Taxes	16'215	51'881
Auditors Remunaration	2'225	30'694
Misc. Expenses General	12'971	24'276
Legal Fees	4	19'154
Travelling Expense	<b>-</b> 2	18'677
Bank Charges	10'770	17'332
Rent Others	7'500	13'710
Exchange Loss - Vendors	67	3'234
Telephone - Mobile	-	1'158
Telephone - Internet	<del>2</del> 6	279
Software Expense	<b>*</b>	11
Computer Expenses	25'000	ž.
Freight And Forwarding - Direct	7'942	
Lab Consumables Consumed - MM	71'624	*
Exchange Gain - Vendors	297	-15'585
Milestone Payments	372	
10	7'723'631	26'263'862

5. Tax Charge	31.03.2023 USD	31.03.2022 USD
Income Tax Expense		-
6. Trade and other receivables		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Deposit Given	27'375	27'375
Amounts owed by Branch, Subsidiary and Associates	6'672'452	8'816'008
Prepayments	17'167	9'450
Indirect taxation	117	8'463
	6'717'111	8'861'295
7. Cash at bank		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Deposit	5'000'000	335
Cash at bank	7'727'373	9'857'509
Cash at bank	12'727'373	9'857'509
8. Investments		
a, investments	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
	USD	372
Investment in TG Theraputics, New York (0.433%)		10'000
Investment in Rhizen Pharmaceutical Inc., Bridgewater (100%)		
Investment in Dahlia Therapeutics SA, La Chaux-de-Fonds (100%)	99'000	99'000 109'372
9. Share capital		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	USD	USD
Authorised share capital	1504134444	Contract Contract
120,000 Ordinary shares of CHF 1 each	122'760	122'760
Issued and fully paid-up share capital		
120,000 Ordinary shares of CHF 1 each	122'760	122'760

Other payables	47'767	-7'500
Provision for Income Tax	309'363	688'500
Amount due to Parent company/Branch	2'019'858	1'908'737
Accruals	16'000	13'171
Advance from Customers	14'744'024	6'095'165
	USD	USD
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
10. Trade and other payables		

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Total
	USD	USD	USD
At 1 April 2021	122'760	8'623'582	8'746'342
Result for the year		1'383'761	1'383'761
Other comprehensive income	5	5	95
Total Comprehensive expense	*		
As at 31 March 2022	122'760	10'007'343	10'130'103
At 1 April 2022	122'760	10'007'343	10'130'103
Result for the year		-7'723'631	-7'723'631
Other comprehensive income			(5
Total Comprehensive income			
As at 31 March 2023	122'760	2'283'712	2'406'472

Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	Note	USD	USD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit / loss before tax	4	-7'723'631	1'383'761
Working capital changes:			
Change in trade and other receivables		2'144'184	-2'262'544
Change in trade and other payables		8'438'939	-12'775'456
Net cash generated from operating activities		2'859'492	-13'654'239
Cash Flow from Investing Activity		10'372	54
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		2'869'864	-13'654'239
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		9'857'509	23'511'748
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year	7	12'727'373	9'857'508

# Notes to the financial statements as at 31 March 2023

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial information are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the year presented, unless otherwise stated.

# 1.1 Use of estimates and judgements

Accounting policies

Accounting convention and basis of preparation

These financial statements are presented using the USD, being the currency that reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity. They are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the fair valuation convention where required by Swiss laws. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entity, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Swiss lawas requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies

#### 1.2 Basis of measurement

Assets and liabilities are measured at historical cost.

#### 1.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in USD, which is the Company's functional currency.

# 1.4 The accompanying financial statements comprise the following periods:

- Statements of financial position as of March 31, 2023.
- Statements of comprehensive income by function for the periods between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.
- Statements of changes in equity for the periods between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.
- Statements of cash flows for the periods between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 2.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of the goods or services. Determining the timing of the transfer of control- at a point in time or over time - requires judgement. The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods based on a five step model:

Step I: Identify the contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

#### 2.2 Accounts receivables

Receivables are stated at their normal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

The management undertakes a periodic review of the amount recoverable from Accounts & other receivables and determines recoverability based on various factors such as ageing of receivables, payment history, collateral available & other knowledge about the receivables.

## 2.3 Trade payables

Payables are stated at nominal amounts payable for goods or services rendered.

#### 2.4 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event & it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.

#### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term investments that are held to meet short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

## 3. Financial risk management

#### Financial risk factors

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments and are the most significant risks to which the entity is exposed to:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

#### Credit risk

The entity's risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

The company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparts and incorporates this information into credit risk controls. The company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

None of the company's financial assets is secured by collateral or other credit enhancements. The credit risk for liquid funds is considered to be negligible, since the counterparties are reputable institutions with high quality external credit ratings.

#### Liquidity risk

The entity's exposure to liquidity risk arises from its obligations to meet financial liabilities, which comprise trade and other payables. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and committed credit facilities to ensure the availability of an adequate amount of funding to meet the entity's obligations when they become due.